APPENDIX

NOISE IMPACT STUDY

APPENDIX

N-1 ROAD TRAFFIC NOISE IMPACT STUDY (REPORT BODY)

wood.

Road Traffic Noise Impact Study

Arterial Roads within Highway 427 Industrial Secondary Plan Area Area 47 Project # TP115086

Prepared for:

The Corporation of the City of Brampton Region of Peel



Wood Environment & Infrastructure Solutions a Division of Wood Canada Limited 3450 Harvester Road, Suite 100 Burlington, ON L7N 3W5 Canada T: 905-335-2353 www.woodplc.com

May 07, 2021

Ms. Sonya Bubas, MCIP, RPP, Project Manager Region of Peel, Infrastructure Programming & Studies 10 Peel Centre Dr., Suite B, 4th Floor Brampton, ON L6T 4B9

Mr. Soheil Nejatian, Project Engineer City of Brampton 1975 Williams Parkway Brampton, Ontario L6S 6E5

Dear Ms. Bubas & Mr. Nejatian,

Re: Road Traffic Noise Impact Study in Support of a
Municipal Class Environmental Assessment of Arterial Roads within Highway 427 Industrial
Secondary Plan Area (Area 47), City of Brampton

Wood Environment & Infrastructure Solutions, a Division of Wood Canada Limited (Wood) is pleased to provide the attached Road Traffic Noise Impact Study to be used in support of a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment of Arterial Roads within Highway 427 Industrial Secondary Plan Area (Area 47). This report specifically addresses the noise impacts of the proposed improvements and re-alignment of the existing road corridors (Coleraine Drive, Countryside Drive and Clarkway Drive), and the new arterial roadways (Arterial A2 & East-West Arterial).

Should you have any questions regarding the study or its findings, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours truly,

Wood Environment & Infrastructure Solutions a Division of Wood Canada Limited

DRAFT

Buddy Ledger, P.Eng., M.A.Sc., INCE Discipline Lead & Senior Engineer Acoustics & Vibration



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Executive Summary

Wood Environment & Infrastructure Solutions, a Division of Wood Canada Limited (Wood) was retained by the Corporation of the City of Brampton (the City of Brampton) and The Regional Municipality of Peel (Peel Region) to complete a Road Traffic Noise Impact Study (Noise Impact Study) to be used in support of a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment of Arterial Roads within Highway 427 Industrial Secondary Plan Area (Area 47). The objective of the report is to address the noise impacts of the proposed improvements/re-alignment of the existing road corridors (Coleraine Drive, Countryside Drive and Clarkway Drive) and the addition of two new arterial roadways (Arterial A2 and East-West Arterial).

The noise guidelines applicable are the MOEE/MTO joint protocol, the Region of Peel corporate policy W30-04, and the City of Brampton document "Noise Attenuation – Retrofit Policy and Road Widenings. The project was assessed using the limits provided by these sources.

The results presented in Table 5-1 of Section 5.1 indicate that the noise impacts within the study area are predicted be more than 5 dB for a total of 12 receptors (RB09, RB10, RD08, RD23, RD24, RE11, RE12, RE27, RE29, RE30, RE31 and RE32) when comparing the Future "build 2041 and Future "no-build 2041 scenarios. However, the overall sound levels of the Future "build scenario at 8 of the above identified receptors are at or below the 55 dBA criterion. Therefore, in accordance with the MOEE/MTO protocol consideration of noise mitigation is not required for those receptors. For the other 4 receptors (RB09, RB10, RD08 and RE30), consideration of noise mitigation is required in accordance with the MOEE/MTO protocol.

The Peel Region and the City of Brampton Noise Attenuation Policies identify a 60 dBA criterion for consideration for noise mitigation. The Future "build levels are at or above the 60 dBA criterion at 6 reverse frontage or side exposure locations (RB01, RC01, RD08, RE25, RE30 and RF01). Therefore these locations were assessed for possible noise mitigation in accordance with the Peel Region and City of Brampton Noise Attenuation Polices.

The barrier investigation concluded that of the 7 barriers investigated Barriers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7 provided sufficient attenuation as to be warranted and these were recommended for implementation. Figures showing the recommended barrier extents and locations are provided in Appendix H. All recommended noise barriers are 4.0 metres in height above existing grade. The proposed height may be achieved via a combination of earth berm and barrier

Construction noise impacts are temporary and largely unavoidable. However, the contract documents should identify the contractor's responsibilities with respect to controlling noise, as well as recording, investigating and, if possible, addressing complaints. The contract documents should also explicitly state that compliance with all applicable law is an expectation of the contract including adherence to the City of Brampton Noise By-Law 93-84 and MECP Publication NPC-115.

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1.0 Introduction

Wood Environment & Infrastructure Solutions, a Division of Wood Canada Limited (Wood) was retained by the Corporation of the City of Brampton (the City of Brampton) and The Regional Municipality of Peel (Peel Region) to complete a Road Traffic Noise Impact Study (Noise Impact Study) to be used in support of a Municipal Class Environmental Assessment of Arterial Roads within Highway 427 Industrial Secondary Plan Area (Area 47). This report specifically addresses the noise impacts of the proposed improvements/re-alignment of the existing road corridors (Coleraine Drive, Countryside Drive and Clarkway Drive) and the addition of two new arterial roadways (Arterial A2 and East-West Arterial).

1.1 Definition of Study Area

The study area is located in the northeast area of the City of Brampton and encompasses major roadways between Mayfield Road, Regional Road 50, Castlemore Road and The Gore Road. A figure showing the study area is presented in Appendix A.

1.2 Description of Scenarios

Five scenarios were considered as part of this noise impact study:

- 1. Existing (2013);
- 2. Future "no-build (2041);
- 3. Future "build (2041);
- 4. Future "build (2041) Barrier Investigation; and
- 5. Future "build (2041) Recommended Barriers.

Existing (2013): Consists of the existing road network within the study area, which is comprised dominantly of two-lane rural roadways with narrow shoulders, with existing traffic volume counts. Figures for this scenario are provided in Appendix C.

Future "no-build" (2041): Consists of the existing road network with the projected future "no-build 2041 traffic volume predictions. Figures for the scenario are provided in Appendix D.

Future "build" (2041) without Barrier: Consists of the proposed road network improvements/realignments listed as follows:

- Widening of Countryside Drive to four lanes and realignment/reconfiguration of the intersection of Countryside Drive and Regional Road 50;
- Widening of Coleraine Drive to four lanes from Arterial A2 to Mayfield Road including realignment at Arterial A2 and disconnection of the current intersection with Regional Road 50; and
- Widening of Clarkway Drive from Castlemore Road to East-West Arterial road.

The following proposed roadway additions are also included in this scenario:

- A new 6-lane arterial roadway, Arterial A2, running between Mayfield Road and Regional Road 50 at Major Mackenzie Drive; and
- A new East-West Arterial road connecting from Arterial A2 west-bound to The Gore Road.



This scenario implements projected future "build 2041 traffic volume predictions. Figures for this scenario are provided in Appendix E.

Future "build" (2041) Barrier Investigation: Consists of the proposed road network improvements/realignments and proposed roadway additions. This scenario includes possible noise barrier locations put forward for evaluation. Figures for this scenario are provided in Appendix F.

Future "build" (2041) Recommended Barriers: Consists of the proposed road network improvements/re-alignments and proposed roadway additions. This scenario includes noise barriers which were found to be warranted based on the barrier investigation. Figures for this scenario are provided in Appendix H.

2.0 Environmental Noise Guidelines

Environmental noise is typically assessed based on noise or sound levels. The term "noise level in this context typically refers to the equivalent continuous sound pressure level (L_{eq}) expressed in A-weighted decibels (dBA referenced to $20\mu Pa$) having the same total sound energy as a time-varying sound pressure level over a specified time period. It is important to note that, although environmental noise is reported in A-weighted decibels (dBA), the difference between two A-weighted values is reported in decibels (dB).

Road traffic noise impact assessments for road widenings (under the Municipal Class EA process) typically consider outdoor noise levels only. This limitation is a result of the fact that the only practical noise mitigation measure under such circumstances are retrofit noise barriers as alterations to existing residential building envelopes is not considered practical or feasible. Therefore, this road traffic noise assessment is limited to the assessment of Outdoor Living Areas (OLAs).

2.1 Perception of Increases in Sound level

Increases in noise level can be ranked as shown in Table 2-1 below. This ranking information is based on general practice and is documented within the draft MOEE/GO Transit noise and vibration protocol [1].

| Change in Noise Level [dB] | Perception of Change | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| 0 to less than 3 | Insignificant | | |
| 3 to less than 5 | Noticeable | | |
| 5 to less than 10 | Significant | | |
| Over 10 | Very Significant | | |

Table 2-1: Perception of Changes in Noise Level

2.2 Noise Guidelines which are Applicable to this Project

The following sections describe the noise guidelines which are both applicable within the projects geographical area and appropriate for a project of this type.



2.2.1 Provincial – MOEE/MTO Protocol

The Ontario Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) does not have a specific noise guideline for the assessment of regional or municipal road improvements, widenings or expansions. However, the MECP does have a protocol which was developed with the Ontario Ministry of Transportation (MTO) which relates to road traffic noise assessments of provincial highway improvements. Although not specifically intended for this purpose this guideline is typically adopted within Ontario to assess regional and municipal road improvement projects. At the time of publication the MECP was the Ministry of Environment and Energy (MOEE).

The MOEE/MTO joint protocol "A Protocol for Dealing with Noise Concerns during the Preparation, Review and Evaluation of Provincial Highway's Environmental Assessments [2] states that if the expected noise impact of implementing the roadway improvements is 5 dB or less, then noise mitigation need not be considered. Conversely if the noise impact is expected to be greater than 5 dB, an investigation into possible noise mitigation measures is required. Noise impact is defined as the difference between the future "build noise level with the proposed improvements and the future "no-build noise level without the proposed improvements. To be feasible, the protocol states that noise control measures should achieve a minimum attenuation of 5 dB at the OLAs when averaged over the first row of receivers. The objective noise level is stated to be 55 dBA and thus an impact of greater than 5 dB but resulting in an overall noise level of less than or equal to 55 dBA would not require consideration of noise mitigation since the objective level is already met. Therefore, if the noise impact is greater than 5 dB and the overall sound level is greater than 5 dBA, investigation of noise mitigation is required.

The MOEE/MTO protocol does not outline the detailed requirements of the noise assessment. However, the protocol does refer to the Ontario Ministry of Transportation and Communication (MTC) Directive A-1 [3], which does outline the specific requirements of noise assessment.

According to Directive A-1 the noise assessment should be based on the 24-hour L_{eq} noise level. This is appropriate for provincial highways since the day-time (07:00 to 23:00) traffic volume typically accounts for roughly 66 percent of the total daily traffic with the remainder of the traffic occurring during night-time (23:00 to 07:00). However, for regional and municipal roads the majority of the traffic occurs during day-time hours. Thus, it is more appropriate to assess regional and municipal roads based on the day-time 16-hour L_{eq} (07:00 to 23:00).

2.2.2 Peel Region – Noise Attenuation Barriers

The Region of Peel corporate policy W30-04 [4] [5] outlines the specific circumstances under which the Region will consider the construction of noise barriers for existing reverse frontage dwellings adjacent to regional roads. According to this document, noise attenuation will be considered for OLAs for existing residential properties when the noise levels are predicted to be 60 dBA or higher (16-hour L_{eq}) and only if a reduction of 5 dB or more can be achieved for the 16 hour period between 07:00 and 23:00.

2.2.3 City of Brampton – Noise Attenuation Policy

The City of Brampton document "Noise Attenuation – Retrofit Policy and Road Widenings [6] specifically addresses the noise levels calculated from proposed road widening within the City. According to this document, noise attenuation will be considered for OLAs for existing residential properties when the noise levels are predicted to be 60 dBA or higher (16-hour L_{eq}) and only if a reduction of 5 dB or more can be achieved for the 16 hour period between 07:00 and 23:00.



In the event that a noise wall is proposed to attenuate traffic noise levels at the residential properties adjacent to the road widening, the funding would be provided as part of the Capital Road project (per the City's six-lane widening policy).

3.0 Project Noise Criteria

This section outlines the specific noise criteria drawn from the documents discussed in Section 2.2 which apply to this project. Table 3-1 provides a summary of the criteria for consideration of noise mitigation which are applicable to this project.

Noise Criteria Mitigation Effort Required Mitigation in accordance with the MOEE/MTO Noise Protocol; Daytime $L_{eq-16hr} > 55 dBA$ Investigate noise mitigation measures within the Right-of-Way; AND Noise mitigation measures, where introduced, should achieve a Noise Impact > 5 dB minimum of 5 dB attenuation, over first row receivers. If reverse frontage investigate mitigation in accordance with the Region of Peel and City of Brampton retrofit policies; Noise mitigation measures, where introduced, should achieve a minimum of 5 dB attenuation, over first row receivers; Daytime L_{eq-16hr} 60 dBA The Region of Peel and City of Brampton policies have further nontechnical, including financial, requirements which must be met to warrant mitigation effort.

Table 3-1: Project Noise Criteria

4.0 Noise Impact Assessment Methodology

None

This section outlines the noise impact methodology which was applied to the assessment of this project.

4.1 Road Traffic Data

All other cases

Road traffic data was provided by CIMA for the Project and consisted of AM peak hour and PM peak hour traffic volumes. Three scenarios were provided: Existing (2013), Future without the proposed road improvements (2041) and Future with the proposed road improvements (2041). These scenarios correspond to Existing, Future "no-build and Future "build scenarios respectively. The Annual Average Daily traffic (AADT) values for each road segment were estimated by Wood utilizing the AM/PM peak data provided by CIMA. The AADT estimates were calculated based on the assumptions that the PM peak hour volume represents approximately 8% of the total daily traffic and that the AM peak hour volume represents approximately 10% of the total daily traffic. The higher of the two AADT estimates (i.e. from AM and PM peak hours) in each case was used to represent the traffic volume for a given road segment. The day/night traffic split percentages were assumed to be approximately 90% and 10% respectively.



Truck volumes were assumed to be 10% of AADT and these were further assumed to be divided equally between heavy and medium trucks for each road segment and scenario.

A summary of the compiled traffic data used for the Noise Impact Study is provided in Appendix B.

4.2 Noise Modelling

STAMSON V5.04 (2000) is a computerized implementation of the road and rail traffic noise prediction methods described in ORNAMENT [7] (Ontario Road Noise Analysis Method for Environment and Transportation) and STEAM [8] (Sound from Trains Environmental Analysis Method). Older modelling software and models such as STAMSON/ORNAMENT are limited to assessing idealized two-dimensional vertical slices. This limitation is primarily due to the limited computer resources available at the time of their development 1993 and 1989 for STAMSON and ORNAMENT, respectively (Although STAMSON V5.04 was released in 2000 the original STAMSON program was released in 1993). The use and application of STAMSON is further limited by the fact that it is a 16-bit DOS program and thus will not run on modern computers without the aid of specialist virtualization as modern computer processors no longer include native 16-bit instructions sets.

To take advantage of modern computing capabilities the road traffic noise levels for this project were calculated using the CadnaA implementation of TNM 2.5. Cadna/A is a modern noise prediction and modelling software suite which implements many internationally recognized calculation models and standards for noise propagation and prediction from industrial, rail and road traffic sources. CadnaA was selected for its ability to utilize the available CAD and GIS data to model complex terrain and barrier configurations to account for the various resulting vantage points, in three dimensions, from sources to points of reception which occur in the natural and built physical environments. The TNM 2.5 noise model is published by the United States Federal Highway Administration and represents the most recently acquired and standardized database of North American vehicle fleet noise emissions.

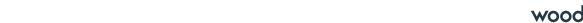
The Cadna/A modelling for this project was carefully developed in order to minimize the deviation from equivalent results obtained using STAMSON/ORNAMENT. This was achieved by setting all road sources to full throttle. Validation of sound levels predicted at 15m from road sources was performed and the resulting levels were within \pm 1 dB from equivalent calculations completed in STAMSON/ORNAMENT.

Based on the traffic data, daytime noise levels were calculated at the OLAs. The OLA location was selected in the rear yard in accordance with the guideline requirements. Reverse frontage and side-frontage exposures to evaluated roadways were assessed. No existing noise barriers were identified along the roadways within the study area. A digital terrain model of the area was used to model the terrain within the study area.

Roadways within the study area, as well as the encompassing roads (i.e. Mayfield Road, Regional Road 50, Castlemore Road and The Gore Road) were the dominant source of noise considered in the traffic noise impact study. The noise level contributions from roads outside the identified area were neglected. This is a conservative approach as these secondary noise sources would reduce the significance of noise level changes (impact) due to the proposed widening/realignment of existing roads and the addition of new roads.

4.3 Location of Noise Sensitive Areas

The focus of this assessment was to predict the noise levels at properties within the study area and adjacent to the assessed roadways.



Ninety (90) representative receptors were selected to predict the future noise levels as a result of the Project. These locations are expected to be the most affected by the noise associated with the road network improvements. Predicted noise levels were assessed in the OLA of each receptor location. The OLA locations were modelled at 1.5 metres (m) high and approximately 3 m horizontally from the rear wall of the residence. Other residences with similar setback and orientation to the noise source will receive similar sound exposure and noise impacts. Table 4-1 summarizes the receptor numbers and their locations and illustrations of their locations are provided in Appendix C.

Table 4-1: Receptor Locations and Elevations

| | Coordinates ¹ (m) | | Elevatio | ns² (m) | Adjacent Roadway ³ |
|----------|------------------------------|------------|----------|---------|--|
| Location | Easting | Northing | Receptor | Ground | (R): Regional Road |
| D 4 01 | 605220.0 | 405.4603.0 | 222.0 | 221 5 | (C): City Road |
| RA01 | 605220.0 | 4854603.0 | 223.0 | 221.5 | Countryside Dr (C) & Hwy 50 (R) |
| RA02 | 605058.0 | 4854196.0 | 223.3 | 221.8 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RA03 | 605027.7 | 4854166.1 | 223.6 | 222.1 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RA04 | 604964.5 | 4854068.4 | 224.0 | 222.5 | Countryside Dr (C) & Coleraine Dr (R) 4 |
| RA05 | 604781.0 | 4854140.0 | 225.5 | 224.0 | Coleraine Dr (R) |
| RB01 | 604862.0 | 4853903.0 | 222.8 | 221.3 | Countryside Dr (C) & Coleraine Dr (R) ⁴ |
| RB02 | 604486.0 | 4854191.0 | 225.3 | 223.8 | Coleraine Dr (R) |
| RB03 | 604418.0 | 4854232.0 | 225.7 | 224.2 | Coleraine Dr (R) |
| RB04 | 603906.7 | 4854504.4 | 230.5 | 229.0 | Mayfield Rd (R) |
| RB05 | 603881.4 | 4854475.0 | 230.7 | 229.2 | Mayfield Rd (R) |
| RB06 | 603755.0 | 4853222.1 | 221.6 | 220.1 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RB07 | 604032.2 | 4852925.4 | 219.8 | 218.3 | Countryside Dr (C) & Clarkway Dr (C) ⁴ |
| RB08 | 604336.0 | 4853287.0 | 221.7 | 220.2 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RB09 | 604380.0 | 4853369.0 | 222.7 | 221.2 | Countryside Dr (C) & Arterial Rd (R) 4 |
| RB10 | 604448.0 | 4853446.0 | 222.9 | 221.4 | Countryside Dr (C) & Arterial Rd (R) 4 |
| RB11 | 604785.0 | 4853815.0 | 222.7 | 221.2 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RC01 | 604017.0 | 4852839.0 | 218.1 | 216.6 | Countryside Dr (C) & Clarkway Dr (C) 4 |
| RC02 | 603662.5 | 4852422.4 | 218.8 | 217.3 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RC03 | 603644.5 | 4852374.4 | 218.3 | 216.8 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RC04 | 602816.6 | 4853144.9 | 223.8 | 222.3 | Mayfield Rd (R) |
| RC05 | 602840.4 | 4853171.1 | 223.5 | 222.0 | Mayfield Rd (R) |
| RD01 | 604314.0 | 4852513.0 | 216.4 | 214.9 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD02 | 604357.0 | 4852469.0 | 213.6 | 212.1 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD03 | 604506.0 | 4852320.0 | 214.6 | 213.1 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD04 | 604534.0 | 4852291.0 | 213.3 | 211.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD05 | 604569.0 | 4852193.0 | 215.3 | 213.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD06 | 604668.0 | 4852128.0 | 214.0 | 212.5 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD07 | 604853.0 | 4851904.0 | 213.3 | 211.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD08 | 605319.0 | 4851341.0 | 209.1 | 207.6 | E-W Arterial Rd (C) |
| RD09 | 605576.0 | 4851238.0 | 209.9 | 208.4 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD10 | 606013.0 | 4850821.0 | 207.5 | 206.0 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD11 | 606064.0 | 4850792.0 | 207.3 | 205.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RD12 | 605996.0 | 4850422.0 | 203.7 | 202.2 | Castlemore Rd (C) |
| RD13 | 605843.6 | 4850232.0 | 203.8 | 202.3 | Castlemore Rd (C) |

| | Coordinates ¹ (m) | | Elevatio | ons² (m) | Adjacent Roadway ³ |
|----------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|--|
| Location | Easting | Northing | Receptor | Ground | (R): Regional Road (C): City Road |
| RD14 | 605422.0 | 4849704.0 | 202.0 | 200.5 | Castlemore Rd (C) & Gore Rd (R) ⁴ |
| RD15 | 605330.0 | 4849778.0 | 201.0 | 199.5 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD16 | 605292.5 | 4849791.0 | 200.6 | 199.1 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD17 | 605249.8 | 4849882.0 | 201.3 | 199.8 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD18 | 605245.3 | 4849951.8 | 201.6 | 200.1 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD19 | 605068.5 | 4850082.3 | 203.3 | 201.8 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD20 | 604844.7 | 4850262.1 | 205.2 | 203.7 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD21 | 604809.5 | 4850293.1 | 205.3 | 203.8 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD22 | 604687.4 | 4850379.0 | 205.2 | 203.7 | Gore Rd (R) & E-W Arterial Rd (C) 4 |
| RD23 | 604543.1 | 4850529.5 | 205.8 | 204.3 | Gore Rd (R) & E-W Arterial Rd (C) 4 |
| RD24 | 604506.1 | 4850551.2 | 206.0 | 204.5 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD25 | 604476.0 | 4850574.0 | 206.3 | 204.8 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD26 | 604134.0 | 4850934.6 | 209.7 | 208.2 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD27 | 603699.0 | 4851343.1 | 212.3 | 210.8 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD28 | 603670.3 | 4851371.9 | 213.0 | 211.5 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD29 | 603610.4 | 4851443.5 | 213.5 | 212.0 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD30 | 603518.1 | 4851527.9 | 215.3 | 213.8 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD31 | 603480.9 | 4851603.1 | 215.3 | 213.8 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD32 | 603369.3 | 4851653.0 | 215.0 | 213.5 | Gore Rd (R) |
| RD33 | 603599.0 | 4852115.0 | 217.9 | 216.4 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RD34 | 603629.0 | 4852141.0 | 217.2 | 215.7 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RE01 | 604160.1 | 4852817.8 | 219.0 | 217.5 | Countryside Dr (C) & Clarkway Dr (C) 4 |
| RE02 | 604453.1 | 4852552.5 | 217.7 | 216.2 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE03 | 604528.9 | 4852438.5 | 216.9 | 215.4 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE04 | 604782.7 | 4852185.3 | 214.4 | 212.9 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE05 | 604940.4 | 4852049.1 | 212.8 | 211.3 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE06 | 604970.2 | 4852018.9 | 212.9 | 211.4 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE07 | 605002.0 | 4851990.7 | 213.5 | 212.0 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE08 | 605021.1 | 4851940.8 | 213.3 | 211.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE09 | 605076.7 | 4851888.8 | 213.3 | 211.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE10 | 605158.0 | 4851790.0 | 212.4 | 210.9 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE11 | 605254.1 | 4851810.2 | 212.8 | 211.3 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE12 | 605382.7 | 4851584.8 | 212.1 | 210.6 | Coleraine Dr (R) & Clarkway Dr (C) 4 |
| RE13 | 605679.0 | 4851421.0 | 211.3 | 209.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE14 | 605664.6 | 4851345.6 | 211.2 | 209.7 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE15 | 605848.0 | 4851352.0 | 210.3 | 208.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE16 | 605865.1 | 4851164.9 | 208.6 | 207.1 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE17 | 606159.1 | 4850963.5 | 208.2 | 206.7 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE18 | 606197.0 | 4850801.9 | 208.3 | 206.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) |
| RE19 | 606281.1 | 4850718.0 | 207.8 | 206.3 | Clarkway Dr (C) & Castlemore Rd (C) 4 |
| RE20 | 606292.0 | 4850794.0 | 208.7 | 207.2 | Clarkway Dr (C) & Castlemore Rd (C) ⁴ |
| RE21 | 606340.0 | 4850861.0 | 207.3 | 205.8 | Clarkway Dr (C) & Castlemore Rd (C) ⁴ |
| RE22 | 606648.5 | 4851246.8 | 208.2 | 206.7 | Hwy 50 (R) |
| RE23 | 606465.0 | 4851841.0 | 210.0 | 208.5 | Hwy 50 (R) |

| | Coordinates ¹ (m) | | Elevatio | ns² (m) | Adjacent Roadway ³ |
|----------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---|
| Location | Easting | Northing | Receptor | Ground | (R): Regional Road (C): City Road |
| RE24 | 606531.5 | 4851865.6 | 210.2 | 208.7 | Hwy 50 (R) |
| RE25 | 606083.3 | 4852694.4 | 212.3 | 210.8 | Hwy 50 (R) & Arterial Rd (R) ⁴ |
| RE26 | 606062.0 | 4852726.0 | 212.4 | 210.9 | Hwy 50 (R) & Arterial Rd (R) ⁴ |
| RE27 | 605308.5 | 4853467.6 | 219.3 | 217.8 | Coleraine Dr (R) |
| RE28 | 605261.1 | 4853506.8 | 219.6 | 218.1 | Coleraine Dr (R) |
| RE29 | 605222.3 | 4853547.5 | 219.9 | 218.4 | Coleraine Dr (R) |
| RE30 | 604520.6 | 4853219.0 | 221.0 | 219.5 | Arterial Rd (R) |
| RE31 | 604443.4 | 4853168.4 | 221.2 | 219.7 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RE32 | 604421.3 | 4853143.4 | 220.1 | 218.6 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RE33 | 604371.5 | 4853060.7 | 219.5 | 218.0 | Countryside Dr (C) |
| RF01 | 606171.0 | 4852726.0 | 212.5 | 211.0 | Hwy 50 (R) & Arterial Rd (R) ⁴ |
| RF02 | 605374.3 | 4853543.0 | 219.2 | 217.7 | Coleraine Dr (R) |

Notes:

- 1. Northing and Easting coordinates are provided in the UTM coordinate projection using datum NAD83 zone 17N.
- The receptor and ground elevations provided are the elevations above sea level. All receptors were modeled at a relative elevation of 1.5 m above ground.
- 3. Roadway listed are adjacent to the identified receptor location under future "build scenario.
- 4. Receptor located near the identified intersection.

5.0 Results

The following sections describe the noise prediction results, noise impact assessment results and the resulting noise mitigation recommendations.

5.1 Noise Modelling Results

The predicted average sound levels for the Existing 2013, Future "no-build 2041 and Future "build 2041 scenarios are summarized in Table 5-1.

The predicted noise impacts do exceed the 5 dB change criterion at 12 receptors (RB09, RB10, RD08, RD23, RD24, RE11, RE12, RE27, RE29, RE30, RE31 and RE32). However, the overall sound levels at 8 of the above identified receptors are at or below the 55 dBA overall criterion for the Future "build scenario and therefore, in accordance with the MOEE/MTO protocol, consideration for noise mitigation is not required for those receptors. For the other 4 receptors (RB09, RB10, RD08 and RE30), consideration of noise mitigation is required in accordance with the MOEE/MTO protocol.

The Peel Region and the City of Brampton Noise Attenuation Policies identify a 60 dBA criterion for consideration for noise mitigation. The predicted Future "build levels are predicted to be at or above the 60 dBA criterion, when rounded to the nearest whole decibel, at 7 locations (RB01, RC01, RD08, RD13, RE25, RE30 and RF01). Location RD13 is a frontage lot and therefore the Peel Region and City of Brampton Noise Attenuation Policies do not apply. However, locations RB01, RC01, RD08, RD13, RE30 and RF01 are either reverse frontage or side exposure lots. Therefore, a barrier investigation is warranted for these locations.

Table 5-1: Noise Level Predictions

| Location | Existing (2013) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Future "no-build" (2041) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Future "build" (2041) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Noise Impact ¹ (dB) | > 5 dB Impact? (Yes/No) | Future "build" (2041) 60 dBA Citierion? ² (Yes/No) |
|----------|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| RA01 | 53.2 | 54.7 | 56.3 | 2 | No | No |
| RA02 | 45.3 | 46.7 | 49.9 | 3 | No | No |
| RA03 | 43.7 | 45.2 | 48.2 | 3 | No | No |
| RA04 | 50.8 | 52.0 | 56.2 | 4 | No | No |
| RA05 | 47.1 | 48.4 | 52.3 | 4 | No | No |
| RB01 | 54.8 | 56.0 | 60.4 | 4 | No | Yes |
| RB02 | 43.2 | 44.4 | 47.4 | 3 | No | No |
| RB03 | 43.8 | 45.0 | 48.3 | 3 | No | No |
| RB04 | 48.8 | 50.1 | 52.2 | 2 | No | No |
| RB05 | 42.1 | 43.3 | 46.9 | 4 | No | No |
| RB06 | 45.8 | 47.0 | 47.9 | 1 | No | No |
| RB07 | 57.6 | 58.8 | 56.6 | -2 | No | No |
| RB08 | 51.4 | 52.6 | 53.5 | 1 | No | No |
| RB09 | 44.2 | 45.4 | 57.6 | 12 | Yes | No |
| RB10 | 40.8 | 42.0 | 59.4 | 17 | Yes | No |
| RB11 | 48.0 | 49.2 | 53.2 | 4 | No | No |
| RC01 | 61.8 | 63.0 | 61.0 | -2 | No | Yes |
| RC02 | 49.2 | 50.4 | 48.4 | -2 | No | No |
| RC03 | 52.0 | 53.2 | 51.1 | -2 | No | No |
| RC04 | 48.1 | 49.4 | 50.0 | 1 | No | No |
| RC05 | 47.5 | 48.7 | 49.4 | 1 | No | No |
| RD01 | 48.6 | 49.8 | 49.2 | -1 | No | No |
| RD02 | 43.9 | 45.2 | 43.7 | -2 | No | No |
| RD03 | 40.5 | 41.7 | 40.7 | -1 | No | No |
| RD04 | 44.9 | 46.1 | 45.9 | 0 | No | No |
| RD05 | 42.9 | 44.1 | 44.2 | 0 | No | No |
| RD06 | 45.6 | 46.8 | 47.9 | 1 | No | No |
| RD07 | 40.3 | 41.5 | 42.8 | 1 | No | No |
| RD08 | 39.8 | 41.0 | 65.0 | 24 | Yes | Yes |
| RD09 | 44.6 | 45.8 | 48.1 | 2 | No | No |
| RD10 | 47.6 | 48.8 | 49.3 | 1 | No | No |
| RD11 | 49.1 | 50.3 | 50.5 | 0 | No | No |
| RD12 | 51.3 | 52.6 | 52.6 | 0 | No | No |
| RD13 | 60.1 | 61.3 | 61.3 | 0 | No | Yes |
| RD14 | 54.4 | 55.6 | 55.6 | 0 | No | No |
| RD15 | 52.8 | 54.1 | 54.1 | 0 | No | No |
| RD16 | 48.5 | 49.7 | 49.8 | 0 | No | No |
| RD17 | 48.0 | 49.2 | 49.3 | 0 | No | No |
| RD18 | 46.8 | 48.0 | 48.3 | 0 | No | No |
| RD19 | 43.6 | 44.8 | 45.5 | 1 | No | No |

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| Location | Existing (2013) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Future "no-build" (2041) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Future "build" (2041) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Noise Impact ¹ (dB) | > 5 dB Impact? (Yes/No) | Future "build" (2041) 60 dBA Citierion? ² (Yes/No) |
|----------|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| RD20 | 40.8 | 42.0 | 45.1 | 3 | No | No |
| RD21 | 43.4 | 44.6 | 47.0 | 2 | No | No |
| RD22 | 53.4 | 54.6 | 54.7 | 0 | No | No |
| RD23 | 43.1 | 44.3 | 55.3 | 11 | Yes | No |
| RD24 | 40.4 | 41.6 | 50.4 | 9 | Yes | No |
| RD25 | 49.5 | 50.7 | 52.5 | 2 | No | No |
| RD26 | 50.6 | 51.8 | 51.9 | 0 | No | No |
| RD27 | 49.9 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 0 | No | No |
| RD28 | 47.1 | 48.3 | 48.1 | 0 | No | No |
| RD29 | 50.1 | 51.3 | 51.1 | 0 | No | No |
| RD30 | 48.8 | 50.0 | 49.6 | 0 | No | No |
| RD31 | 47.6 | 48.9 | 47.8 | -1 | No | No |
| RD32 | 58.1 | 59.3 | 59.3 | 0 | No | No |
| RD33 | 52.9 | 54.1 | 52.1 | -2 | No | No |
| RD34 | 44.1 | 45.3 | 44.4 | -1 | No | No |
| RE01 | 59.1 | 60.3 | 59.2 | -1 | No | No |
| RE02 | 45.3 | 46.5 | 48.6 | 2 | No | No |
| RE03 | 48.2 | 49.4 | 50.6 | 1 | No | No |
| RE04 | 45.5 | 46.7 | 48.9 | 2 | No | No |
| RE05 | 43.1 | 44.2 | 47.9 | 4 | No | No |
| RE06 | 40.7 | 41.9 | 47.1 | 5 | No | No |
| RE07 | 42.8 | 44.0 | 47.4 | 3 | No | No |
| RE08 | 50.2 | 51.4 | 52.0 | 1 | No | No |
| RE09 | 49.5 | 50.7 | 51.6 | 1 | No | No |
| RE10 | 51.6 | 52.8 | 53.4 | 1 | No | No |
| RE11 | 40.6 | 41.8 | 47.8 | 6 | Yes | No |
| RE12 | 43.7 | 44.9 | 54.9 | 10 | Yes | No |
| RE13 | 43.7 | 44.9 | 48.4 | 4 | No | No |
| RE14 | 42.8 | 44.0 | 47.8 | 4 | No | No |
| RE15 | 42.3 | 43.5 | 46.3 | 3 | No | No |
| RE16 | 43.5 | 44.7 | 46.4 | 2 | No | No |
| RE17 | 43.0 | 44.2 | 45.6 | 1 | No | No |
| RE18 | 50.2 | 51.4 | 51.9 | 1 | No | No |
| RE19 | 56.8 | 58.0 | 58.1 | 0 | No | No |
| RE20 | 47.7 | 48.9 | 49.4 | 1 | No | No |
| RE21 | 49.8 | 51.0 | 51.3 | 0 | No | No |
| RE22 | 50.4 | 51.5 | 52.3 | 1 | No | No |
| RE23 | 55.1 | 56.3 | 57.1 | 1 | No | No |
| RE24 | 52.6 | 53.8 | 54.7 | 1 | No | No |
| RE25 | 55.7 | 56.9 | 61.5 | 5 | No | Yes |
| RE26 | 49.7 | 50.9 | 54.1 | 3 | No | No |
| RE27 | 41.1 | 42.3 | 47.9 | 6 | Yes | No |

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| Location | Existing (2013) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Future "no-build" (2041) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Future "build" (2041) Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) | Noise Impact ¹ (dB) | > 5 dB Impact? (Yes/No) | Future "build" (2041) 60 dBA Citierion? ² (Yes/No) |
|----------|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| RE28 | 45.7 | 46.9 | 52.0 | 5 | No | No |
| RE29 | 46.3 | 47.5 | 53.3 | 6 | Yes | No |
| RE30 | 52.6 | 53.8 | 61.0 | 7 | Yes | Yes |
| RE31 | 41.9 | 43.1 | 52.6 | 10 | Yes | No |
| RE32 | 42.4 | 43.6 | 50.3 | 7 | Yes | No |
| RE33 | 44.7 | 45.9 | 49.6 | 4 | No | No |
| RF01 | 60.9 | 62.1 | 63.1 | 1 | No | Yes |
| RF02 | 48.0 | 49.3 | 52.7 | 3 | No | No |

Note(s):

- The noise impact is defined as the Future "build" noise level minus the Future "no-build" noise level. A positive value indicates an increased impact and a negative value indicates a decreased impact. Noise Impact values have been rounded to the nearest whole decibel.
- Future "build value equal to or greater than 60 dBA when rounded to nearest whole number (Yes/No).

5.2 **Barrier Investigation**

5.2.1 Investigation Results

Based on the noise modelling results presented in Table 5-1, consideration for noise mitigation is a requirement for the project. Table 5-2 presents the results of a noise barrier investigation which compares the results of the Future "build 2041 without barriers (Appendix E) scenario to the Future "build 2041 Barrier Investigation (Appendix F) scenario. In order to be warranted the barrier must achieve a minimum 5 dB reduction at a targeted receptor but not necessarily at all targeted receptors.

Table 5-2: Noise Barrier Investigation (Height: 4 m)

| Barrier Segment | Barrier Height (m) Above Grade ¹ | Receptor Location | Barrier along Roadway (R): Regional Road (C) City Road | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Without Barriers | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Barrier Investigation (Appendix F) | Barrier Reduction ² (dB) | Barrier Reduction 5 dB |
|--------------------|---|----------------------|---|---|---|---|------------------------------|
| 1 | 4 | RB01 | Coleraine Dr (R) | 60.4 | 54.1 | 6 | Yes |
| 2 | 4 | RE30 | Coleraine Dr (R) | 61.0 | 56.2 | 5 | Yes |
| 3 | 4 | RB09 | Arterial Rd (R) | 57.6 | 52.2 | 5 | Yes |
| 4 | 4 | RB10 | Arterial Rd (R) | 59.4 | 52.9 | 7 | Yes |
| 5 | 4 | RE25 | Arterial Rd (R) | 61.5 | 57.8 | 4 | No |
| | 4 | RF01 | Arterial Rd (R) | 63.1 | 61.4 | 2 | No |
| 6 | 4 | RC01 | Clarkway Dr (C) | 61.0 | 58.4 | 3 | No |
| 7 | 4 | RD08 | E-W Arterial (C) | 65.0 | 55.4 | 10 | Yes |

Note(s):

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The proposed barrier height may be achieved via a combination of earth berm and barrier.

2. Barrier reductions have been rounded to the nearest whole decibel.

Additional results have also been included in this section to discuss the barrier investigation with lower barrier heights: 3 m and 2.4 m in comparison with the 4 m height as shown in Table 5-2. The results presented in Table 5-3 and Table 5-4 indicate that none of the barriers with lower heights (i.e. 3 m and 2.4 m) can achieve the 5 dB minimum reduction requirement at the target receptors, except Barrier 7 which is expected to provide 7 dB and 5 dB reductions at RD08 with a height of 3 m and 2.4 m, respectively. However, the mitigated future "build levels at RD08 under both cases would remain above the MOEE/MTO Protocol objective level of 55 dBA by at least 3 dB.

Given the discussion presented above, a 4-m height is considered in the barrier investigation presented in this report. This is based on the requirements of a minimum 5 dB reduction as well as the need to meet the MOEE/MTO criteria.

Detailed prediction results of the barrier investigation can be found in Table G-1 in Appendix G. The table shows the predicted average sound levels for the Future "build 2041 at all receptors with barriers at the height of 4 m, 3 m and 2.4 m. The predicted average sound levels for the Future "no-build 2041 (Appendix D) and Future "build 2041 without Barriers (Appendix E) are also included in the table for comparison.

Future Future "build" "build" **Daytime Daytime Barrier** Barrier along (16-hr) (16-hr) Height **Barrier Barrier** Roadway Receptor **Barrier** L_{eq} (dBA) L_{eq} (dBA) Reduction 2 (m) Reduction Location Segment **Above** (R): Regional Road (dB) 5 dB Without **Barrier** Grade 1 (C) City Road **Barriers** Investigation (Appendix E) (Appendix F) 1 3 RB01 Coleraine Dr (R) 60.4 56.0 4 No 2 3 2 RE30 Coleraine Dr (R) 61.0 58.7 No 3 3 3 **RB09** Arterial Rd (R) 57.6 No 54.8 4 3 **RB10** Arterial Rd (R) 59.4 55.3 4 No 5 3 RE25 Arterial Rd (R) 61.5 60.0 2 No 3 RF01 Arterial Rd (R) 63.1 62.2 1 No 6 3 RC01 Clarkway Dr (C) 61.0 58.8 2 No 7 3 RD08 7 E-W Arterial (C) 65.0 58.3 Yes

Table 5-3: Noise Barrier Investigation (Height: 3 m)

Note(s):

- 1. The proposed barrier height may be achieved via a combination of earth berm and barrier.
- 2. Barrier reductions have been rounded to the nearest whole decibel.

| Barrier Segment | Barrier Height (m) Above Grade ¹ | Receptor Location | Barrier along Roadway (R): Regional Road (C) City Road | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Without Barriers (Appendix E) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Barrier Investigation (Appendix F) | Barrier Reduction ² (dB) | Barrier Reduction 5 dB |
|--------------------|---|----------------------|---|--|---|---|------------------------------|
| 1 | 2.4 | RB01 | Coleraine Dr (R) | 60.4 | 57.5 | 3 | No |
| 2 | 2.4 | RE30 | Coleraine Dr (R) | 61.0 | 59.3 | 2 | No |
| 3 | 2.4 | RB09 | Arterial Rd (R) | 57.6 | 55.6 | 2 | No |
| 4 | 2.4 | RB10 | Arterial Rd (R) | 59.4 | 56.6 | 3 | No |
| 5 | 2.4 | RE25 | Arterial Rd (R) | 61.5 | 60.5 | 1 | No |
| | 2.4 | RF01 | Arterial Rd (R) | 63.1 | 62.4 | 1 | No |
| 6 | 2.4 | RC01 | Clarkway Dr (C) | 61.0 | 59.2 | 2 | No |
| 7 | 2.4 | RD08 | E-W Arterial (C) | 65.0 | 60.5 | 5 | Yes |

Table 5-4: Noise Barrier Investigation (Height: 2.4 m)

Note(s):

- 1. The proposed barrier height may be achieved via a combination of earth berm and barrier.
- 2. Barrier reductions have been rounded to the nearest whole decibel.

5.2.2 Barrier along Regional Roads

Five (5) barriers have been proposed to be located along regional roads, as shown in Table 5-2. The results indicate that Barriers 1, 2, 3 and 4 achieve a reduction of 5 dB or greater. Although Barrier 2 introduces a reduction of 5 dB at the targeted receptor RE30, it is to be noted that the future "build level at RE30 is above the MOEE/MTO Protocol objective level of 55 dBA by 1 dB (rounding to the nearest whole decibel) with the proposed barrier.

Barrier 5 achieves an average reduction of 3 dB which is below the minimum 5 dB requirement for warranting the barrier. The effectiveness of Barrier 5 for receptors RE25 and RF01 is limited due to the direct frontage exposures to Highway 50 which is a major noise source for these two locations.

5.2.3 Barrier along City Roads

Two (2) barriers have been proposed to be located along city roads. Barrier 7 is expected to achieve a reduction greater than 5 dB. A 3 dB reduction is predicted for Barrier 6 which is below the minimum 5 dB requirement. The targeted receptor RC01 is located in a corner lot with direct frontage exposure to Countryside Drive and side exposure to Clarkway Drive. For RC01 Countryside Drive is considered a more significant noise source than Clarkway Drive due to a higher traffic volume (existing and future prediction) and the side exposure noise reduction achieved by Barrier 6 is limited.

5.2.4 Proposed Barriers

Based on the discussions presented above, only Barriers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7 are feasible and recommended for implementation.

A summary of the proposed barriers can be found in Table 5-5 which includes the UTM coordinates of the start and end points of the barrier as well as the barrier length. Appendix H includes figures showing the proposed locations and extents of the recommended noise barriers.

Barrier **Barrier along Start Point End Point** Height Roadway **Barrier** Coordinates 2 (m) Coordinates 2 (m) **Barrier** (m) Length Segment (R): Regional Road Above (m) **Easting Northing Easting Northing** Grade 1 (C) City Road 4 604846.5 4853964.4 604900.2 4853910.2 76 1 Coleraine Dr (R) 2 4 604498.5 4853312.9 604736.7 4853084.2 330 Coleraine Dr (R) 3 4 Arterial Rd (R) 604455.5 604357.8 4853446.6 4853349.0 138 4 4 Arterial Rd (R) 604386.6 4853468.6 604474.9 4853387.0 120 4 E-W Arterial (C) 605363.9 4851409.7 605268.6 4851292.9 151

Table 5-5: Proposed Noise Barriers

Note(s):

- 1. The proposed barrier height may be achieved via a combination of earth berm and barrier.
- 2. Northing and Easting coordinates are provided in the UTM coordinate projection using datum NAD83 zone 17N.

5.3 Noise Modelling Results with Recommended Mitigation

The predicted average sound levels for the Future "no-build 2041 (Appendix D), Future "build 2041 without Barriers (Appendix E) and Future "build 2041 with Recommended Barriers (Appendix H) scenarios are summarized in Table 5-6.

Table 5-6: Noise Level Predictions with Recommended Mitigation

| Location | Future "no-build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) (Appendix D) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Without Barriers (Appendix E) | Noise Impact ¹ (dB) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Recommended Barriers ² (Appendix H) | Barrier Warranted? (Yes/No) | Barrier Reduction ³ (dB) |
|----------|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| RA01 | 54.7 | 56.3 | 2 | 56.3 | No | 0 |
| RA02 | 46.7 | 49.9 | 3 | 49.9 | No | 0 |
| RA03 | 45.2 | 48.2 | 3 | 48.2 | No | 0 |
| RA04 | 52.0 | 56.2 | 4 | 56.1 | No | 0 |
| RA05 | 48.4 | 52.3 | 4 | 52.3 | No | 0 |
| RB01 | 56.0 | 60.4 | 4 | 54.1 | Yes | 6 |
| RB02 | 44.4 | 47.4 | 3 | 47.4 | No | 0 |
| RB03 | 45.0 | 48.3 | 3 | 48.3 | No | 0 |
| RB04 | 50.1 | 52.2 | 2 | 52.2 | No | 0 |
| RB05 | 43.3 | 46.9 | 4 | 46.9 | No | 0 |
| RB06 | 47.0 | 47.9 | 1 | 47.7 | No | 0 |

| Location | Future "no-build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) (Appendix D) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Without Barriers | Noise Impact ¹ (dB) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Recommended Barriers ² (Appendix H) | Barrier Warranted? (Yes/No) | Barrier Reduction ³ (dB) |
|--------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| RB07 | 58.8 | 56.6 | -2 | 56.6 | No | 0 |
| RB08 | 52.6 | 53.5 | 1 | 52.3 | No | 1 |
| RB09 | 45.4 | 57.6 | 12 | 52.2 | Yes | 5 |
| RB10 | 42.0 | 59.4 | 17 | 52.9 | Yes | 7 |
| RB11 | 49.2 | 53.2 | 4 | 52.6 | No | 1 |
| RC01 | 63.0 | 61.0 | -2 | 60.9 | No | 0 |
| RC02 | 50.4 | 48.4 | -2 | 48.4 | No | 0 |
| RC03 | 53.2 | 51.1 | -2 | 51.1 | No | 0 |
| RC04 | 49.4 | 50.0 | 1 | 50.0 | No | 0 |
| RC05 | 48.7 | 49.4 | 1 | 49.4 | No | 0 |
| RD01 | 49.8 | 49.2 | -1 | 49.2 | No | 0 |
| RD02 | 45.2 | 43.7 | -2 | 43.7 | No | 0 |
| RD03 | 41.7 | 40.7 | -1 | 40.6 | No | 0 |
| RD04 | 46.1 | 45.9 | 0 | 45.9 | No | 0 |
| RD05 | 44.1 | 44.2 | 0 | 44.1 | No | 0 |
| RD06 | 46.8 | 47.9 | 1 | 47.9 | No | 0 |
| RD07 | 41.5 | 42.8 | 1 | 42.8 | No | 0 |
| RD08 | 41.0 | 65.0 | 24 | 55.4 | Yes | 10 |
| RD09 | 45.8 | 48.1 | 2 | 47.7 | No | 0 |
| RD10 | 48.8 | 49.3 | 1 | 49.3 | No | 0 |
| RD11 | 50.3 | 50.5 | 0 | 50.5 | No | 0 |
| RD12 | 52.6 | 52.6 | 0 | 52.6 | No | 0 |
| RD13 | 61.3 | 61.3 | 0 | 61.3 | No | 0 |
| RD14 | 55.6 | 55.6 | 0 | 55.6 | No | 0 |
| RD15 | 54.1 | 54.1 | 0 | 54.1 | No | 0 |
| RD16 | 49.7 | 49.8 | 0 | 49.8 | No | 0 |
| RD17 RD18 | 49.2 48.0 | 49.3 48.3 | 0 | 49.3 48.3 | No No | 0 |
| RD19 | 44.8 | 45.5 | 1 | 45.5 | No | 0 |
| RD19 | 42.0 | 45.3 | 3 | 45.1 | No | 0 |
| RD20 | 44.6 | 47.0 | 2 | 47.0 | No | 0 |
| RD21 | 54.6 | 54.7 | 0 | 54.7 | No | 0 |
| RD23 | 44.3 | 55.3 | 11 | 55.3 | No | 0 |
| RD24 | 41.6 | 50.4 | 9 | 50.4 | No | 0 |
| RD25 | 50.7 | 52.5 | 2 | 52.5 | No | 0 |
| RD26 | 51.8 | 51.9 | 0 | 51.9 | No | 0 |
| RD27 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 0 | 51.1 | No | 0 |
| RD28 | 48.3 | 48.1 | 0 | 48.1 | No | 0 |

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| Location | Future "no-build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) (Appendix D) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Without Barriers | Noise Impact ¹ (dB) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Recommended Barriers ² (Appendix H) | Barrier Warranted? (Yes/No) | Barrier Reduction ³ (dB) |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| RD29 | 51.3 | 51.1 | 0 | 51.1 | No | 0 |
| RD30 | 50.0 | 49.6 | 0 | 49.6 | No | 0 |
| RD31 | 48.9 | 47.8 | -1 | 47.7 | No | 0 |
| RD32 | 59.3 | 59.3 | 0 | 59.3 | No | 0 |
| RD33 | 54.1 | 52.1 | -2 | 52.1 | No | 0 |
| RD34 | 45.3 | 44.4 | -1 | 44.3 | No | 0 |
| RE01 | 60.3 | 59.2 | -1 | 59.1 | No | 0 |
| RE02 | 46.5 | 48.6 | 2 | 48.1 | No | 1 |
| RE03 | 49.4 | 50.6 | 1 | 50.6 | No | 0 |
| RE04 | 46.7 | 48.9 | 2 | 48.8 | No | 0 |
| RE05 | 44.2 | 47.9 | 4 | 47.7 | No | 0 |
| RE06 | 41.9 | 47.1 | 5 | 46.9 | No | 0 |
| RE07 | 44.0 | 47.4 | 3 | 47.3 | No | 0 |
| RE08 | 51.4 | 52.0 | 1 | 52.0 | No | 0 |
| RE09 | 50.7 | 51.6 | 1 | 51.6 | No | 0 |
| RE10 | 52.8 | 53.4 | 1 | 53.4 | No | 0 |
| RE11 | 41.8 | 47.8 | 6 | 47.8 | No | 0 |
| RE12 | 44.9 | 54.9 | 10 | 54.9 | No | 0 |
| RE13 | 44.9 | 48.4 | 4 | 48.2 | No | 0 |
| RE14 | 44.0 | 47.8 | 4 | 47.8 | No | 0 |
| RE15 | 43.5 | 46.3 | 3 | 46.3 | No | 0 |
| RE16 | 44.7 | 46.4 | 2 | 46.4 | No | 0 |
| RE17 | 44.2 | 45.6 | 1 | 45.6 | No | 0 |
| RE18 | 51.4 | 51.9 | 1 | 51.9 | No | 0 |
| RE19 | 58.0 | 58.1 | 0 | 58.1 | No | 0 |
| RE20 | 48.9 | 49.4 | 1 | 49.4 | No | 0 |
| RE21 | 51.0 | 51.3 | 0 | 51.3 | No | 0 |
| RE22 | 51.5 | 52.3 | 1 | 52.3 | No | 0 |
| RE23 | 56.3 | 57.1 | 1 | 57.1 | No | 0 |
| RE24 | 53.8 | 54.7 | 1 | 54.7 | No | 0 |
| RE25 | 56.9 | 61.5 | 5 | 61.5 | No | 0 |
| RE26 | 50.9 | 54.1 | 3 | 54.1 | No | 0 |
| RE27 | 42.3 | 47.9 | 6 | 47.9 | No | 0 |
| RE28 | 46.9 | 52.0 | 5 | 52.0 | No | 0 |
| RE29 | 47.5 | 53.3 | 6 | 53.2 | No | 0 |
| RE30 | 53.8 | 61.0 | 7 | 56.2 | Yes | 5 |
| RE31 | 43.1 | 52.6 | 10 | 49.1 | No | 4 |
| RE32 | 43.6 | 50.3 | 7 | 47.7 | No | 3 |

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| Location | Future "no-build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) (Appendix D) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) L _{eq} (dBA) Without Barriers | Noise Impact ¹ (dB) | Future "build" Daytime (16-hr) Leq (dBA) Recommended Barriers ² | Barrier Warranted? (Yes/No) | Barrier Reduction ³ (dB) |
|--------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| | | (Appendix E) | | (Appendix H) | | |
| RE33 | 45.9 | (Appendix E) 49.6 | 4 | (Appendix H) 48.1 | No | 2 |
| RE33 RF01 | 45.9 62.1 | | 4 | | No No | 2 0 |

Note(s):

- 1. The noise impact is defined as the Future "build noise level minus the Future "no-build noise level. A positive value indicates an increased impact and a negative value indicates a decreased impact. Noise Impact values have been rounded to the nearest whole decibel.
- 2. The results shown represent the noise levels with five (5) recommended barriers out of the seven (7) barriers investigated in Section 5.2.
- 3. Barrier reductions have been rounded to the nearest whole decibel.

6.0 Construction Noise

The following sections describe policies to consider with respect to the generation and mitigation of construction noise related to the project.

6.1 Local By-Laws

The Brampton By-Law 93-84 [9] of the Corporation of the City of Brampton states that any sound arising from road work and road improvements undertaken by or on behalf of the Ministry of Transportation (Ontario) or the Region of Peel are specifically permitted and the presence of these sounds and noises is not to be considered a contravention of the By-Law.

6.2 MECP Sound Emission Standards

MECP Publication NPC-115 [10] provides sound emission standards for various types of construction equipment. Due to the temporary and unavoidable nature of construction, these MECP guidelines stipulate limits on individual pieces of equipment instead of a site limit. Table 6-1 illustrates maximum noise emission levels which should be adhered to for typical construction equipment per NPC-115.



| Type of Equipment | Maximum Sound Level (dBA) ¹ | Power Rating (kW) |
|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Excavation equipment, bulldozers, | 83 | Less than 75 |
| loaders, backhoes or other equipment | 85 | 75 and greater |
| Pneumatic Pavement Breakers | 85 | - |
| Portable Air Compressors | 70 | - |

Table 6-1: NPC-115 Noise Emission Limits for Construction Equipment

Note(s):

1. Maximum Sound Level (dBA) as determined using Publication NPC – 103 – Procedures, Section 6

6.3 Contract Documentation

The construction contract should include provisions relating to the adequate control of noise, compliance with related laws, establishment of a complaints process and outline the responsibilities with respect to investigations of noise up to and including remedial measures.

The contract documents should also explicitly state that compliance with all applicable law is an expectation of the contract including adherence to the City of Brampton By-Law 93-84 and MECP Publication NPC-115.

7.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

The results of the noise impact study indicated that the noise impacts of the study area are predicted to be more than 5 dB for a total of 12 receptors (RB09, RB10, RD08, RD23, RD24, RE11, RE12, RE27, RE29, RE30, RE31 and RE32). Four (4) receptors within the identified group have an overall sound level above the 55 dBA overall criterion when comparing the Future "build 2041 and Future "no-build 2041 scenarios. Consideration of noise mitigation is required in accordance with the MOEE/MTO protocol for these 4 receptors.

The Peel Region and the City of Brampton Noise Attenuation Policies identify a 60 dBA criterion for consideration for noise mitigation. Six (6) reverse frontage or side exposure locations (RB01, RC01, RD08, RE25, RE30 and RF01) were assessed for possible noise mitigation in accordance with the Peel Region and City of Brampton Noise Attenuation Policies.

The barrier investigation concluded that Barriers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 7 provided sufficient attenuation as to be warranted and these are recommended for implementation. Figures showing the recommended barrier extents and locations are provided in Appendix H. All recommended noise barriers are 4.0 metres in height above existing grade. A combination of earth berm and barrier can be used to achieve the proposed 4 m height. Construction noise impacts are temporary and largely unavoidable. However, the contract documents should identify the contractor's responsibilities with respect to controlling noise, as well as recording, investigating and, if possible, addressing complaints. The contract documents should also explicitly state that compliance with all applicable law is an expectation of the contract including adherence to the City of Brampton By-Law 93-84 and MECP Publication NPC-115.



This assessment was prepared based on the information available during the stage of development at the time of preparation. Should more details of the planning and design become available, the assessment, including the recommended mitigations, may need to be updated to reflect the latest development progress. In addition, given the ongoing planning development within this study area, it is recommended that developers also conduct independent noise assessment studies and propose mitigation measures (if necessary) to support future developments.

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8.0 Closure

This road traffic noise impact study was completed by Wood for the sole benefit of the City of Brampton and Region of Peel and is based on information available at the time of this study. We have relied on information provided to us by others and therefore are not liable or responsible for incomplete, incorrect and inadequate information. The material in this report reflects Wood's judgment in light of the information available to us at the time of preparation.

Yours truly,

Wood Environment & Infrastructure Solutions a Division of Wood Canada Limited

| Written by: | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Shelly Yuan, M.Sc., E.I.T. Specialist, Acoustics & Vibration | Anmol Bhardwaj, E.I.T. Specialist, Acoustics & Vibration | | | | |
| Signature: DRAFT | Signature: DRAFT | | | | |
| Date: | Date: | | | | |
| Reviewed by: | | | | | |
| Buddy Ledger, M.A.Sc., P.Eng., INCE Discipline Lead, Acoustics & Vibration | | | | | |
| Signature: DRAFT | | | | | |
| Date: | | | | | |

9.0 References

- [1] MOEE/GO Transit, "Noise and Vibration Protocol," January 1995 (Draft #9).
- [2] MTO/MOEE, "A Protocol for Dealing with Noise Concerns during the Preparation, Review and Evaluation of Provincial Highways Environmental Assessments," The Queen's Printer for Ontario, 1986.
- [3] Ontario Ministry of Transportation, "Directive A-1: Noise Policy and Acoustic Standards Provincial Highways," February 1992.
- [4] The Regional Municipality of Peel, "Noise Attenuation Barriers. Policy No.:W30-04," June 1996.
- [5] The Regional Municipality of Peel, "Private Noise Attenuation Walls Conversion Policy. Policy No.: W30-04," 2016.
- [6] The Corporation of the City of Brampton, "Noise Attenuation Retrofit Policy and Road Widenings," October 2007.
- [7] Ontario Ministry of the Environment, "Ontario Road Noise Analysis Method for Environment and Transportation, ORNAMENT.," October 1989.
- [8] Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, "Sound from Trains Environment Analysis Method, STEAM," July 1990.
- [9] The Corporation of the City of Brampton, "Noise By-Law 93-84," April 25, 1984.
- [10] Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change, *Publication NPC-115 Construction Equipment*.

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Limitations



Limitations

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