



THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BRAMPTON

# BY-LAW

## Office Consolidation

### Public Nuisance By-law 136-2018

#### To Prohibit or Regulate Public Nuisances

(Amended by By-laws 219-2019, 110-2023, 125-2023, 146-2024)

---

**WHEREAS** section 8 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, S.O. 2001, c. 25, as amended (“the Act”), provides that powers of a municipality under this or any other Act shall be interpreted broadly so as to confer broad authority on municipalities to enable them to govern their affairs as they consider appropriate, and to enhance their ability to respond to municipal issues;

**AND WHEREAS** subsection 11(1) of the *Municipal Act, 2001* provides that a municipality may provide any service or thing that the municipality considers necessary or desirable for the public;

**AND WHEREAS** section 11(2) of the *Municipal Act, 2001* provides that a municipality may pass by-laws respecting: Economic, social and environmental well-being of the municipality; Health, safety and well-being of persons; Protection of persons and property; Structures, including fences and signs;

**AND WHEREAS** section 23.1 of the *Municipal Act, 2001* provides that a municipality may delegate its powers and duties under that Act;

**AND WHEREAS** for the purposes of subsection 23.2(4) of the *Municipal Act, 2001* it is the opinion of Council that the powers delegated pursuant to this By-law are of a minor nature;

**AND WHEREAS** section 128 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, provides that, without limiting sections 9 and 11, a local municipality may prohibit and regulate with respect to public nuisances, including matters that, in the opinion of Council, are or could become or cause public nuisances;

**AND WHEREAS** subsection 434.1 (1) of the *Municipal Act, 2001* provides that a municipality may require a person, subject to such conditions as the municipality considers appropriate, to pay an administrative penalty if the municipality is satisfied that the person has failed to comply with a by-law of the municipality passed under this Act;

**AND WHEREAS** section 425 of the *Municipal Act, 2001* provides that any person who contravenes any by-law of the municipality is guilty of an offence;

**AND WHEREAS** section 444 of the *Municipal Act, 2001* provides that a municipality may make an order requiring a person who contravened a by-law or who caused or permitted the contravention or the owner or occupier of the land on which the contravention occurred to discontinue the contravening activity;

**AND WHEREAS** it is the opinion of Council that nuisance parties, public urination and defecation, knocking over objects on the Highway and are or could become or cause public nuisances;

**AND WHEREAS**, Council deems it appropriate to prohibit or regulate matters that are, or could become or cause public nuisances;

**NOW THEREFORE** the Council for The Corporation of the City of Brampton ENACTS as follows:

## **PART I – DEFINITIONS**

1. For the purposes of this By-law,

“Building” means any permanent structure consisting of a roof supported by walls or columns that is used or intended to be used for the shelter, accommodation or enclosure of persons, animals, goods, chattels or equipment;

“By-Law” means this by-law;

“City” means The Corporation of the City of Brampton;

“Construction” includes erection, alteration, repair, dismantling, demolition, structural maintenance, painting, moving, land clearing, earth moving, grading, excavating, the laying of pipe and conduit whether above or below ground level, street and Highway building, concreting, equipment installation and alteration and the structural installation of Construction components and materials in any form or for any purpose, and includes any work in connection therewith; **(By-law 110-2023)**

“dBA” means the A-weighted sound pressure level; **(By-law 125-2023)**

“Director” means the Director of Enforcement and By-law Services;

“Disorderly Conduct” means causing a public disturbance and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, includes engaging in riotous, violent, threatening or illegal conduct, yelling, screaming, shouting, singing, swearing and interfering with the reasonable enjoyment of someone else;

“Dwelling” means a Building occupied or capable of being occupied as a home, residence or sleeping place by one or more persons;

“Fight” means any confrontation involving violent physical contact between two or more people;

“Fixture” means any structure that the Town permits to be located within a highway including a boulevard tree, utility box, newspaper vending box, bench, transit shelter, telephone box, telephone booth, transformer box or vault, telephone pole, hydro pole, streetlight, stoplight pole, recycling waste module, mailbox, street sign, a Canada Post relay mailbox, permitted signs, or a blue box, green bin or other garbage container;

“Graffiti” means one or more letters, symbols, figures, images, etchings, scratches, inscriptions, stains or other markings howsoever made or affixed to a property that disfigure, deface or otherwise mar said property;

“Highway” includes a common and public highway, street, avenue, parkway, square, place, bridge, viaduct, or trestle, designated and intended for, or used by, the general public for the passage of vehicles, and included the area between the lateral property lines thereof, including sidewalks and boulevards, and highways shall have the same meaning;

“Litter” includes cigarettes, paper, cardboard, bottles, glass or other such material or garbage;

"Loiter" shall mean lingering on the way or travelling indolently with frequent pauses without any apparent destination;

"Motor Vehicle" includes an automobile, a motorcycle, a motor assisted bicycle unless otherwise indicated in this By-Law, and any other vehicle propelled or driven otherwise than by muscular power, but does not include a municipal transit vehicle, street car or other motor vehicle running only upon rails, a vehicle operated by a municipality or on behalf of a municipality for snow or ice removal, emergency services, roadway or utility services Construction, maintenance or repair, a power-assisted bicycle, a motorized snow vehicle, a traction engine, a farm tractor, a self-propelled implement of husbandry or a road-building machine; **(By-law 110-2023)**

"Municipality" means the land within the geographic limit of the City of Brampton;

"Nuisance Party" means a social gathering within the Municipality and which, by reason of the conduct of the persons in attendance, results in a Public Nuisance;

"Owner" includes:

- (a) a Person who is in the registered owner of premises;
- (b) a Person who is in physical possession of premises;
- (c) a Person who has responsibility for and control over the condition of premises or the activities there carried on, or control over persons allowed to enter the premises; or
- (d) a Person occupying premises;

"Officer" means a Municipal Law Enforcement Officer appointed to enforce the by-laws of the City or a police officer while in the course of his or her duties;

"Person" means an individual, firm, corporation, partnership, association or organization, including a charitable organization and includes the registered plate owner of a Motor Vehicle only when any contravention pursuant to this by-law involves a Motor Vehicle; **(By-law 110-2023)**

"Police Officer" means a chief of police or any other police officer, including a person who is appointed as a police officer under the *Police Services Act* and its successor legislation, but does not include a special constable, a First Nations Constable, a municipal law enforcement officer or an auxiliary member of a police force; **(By-law 125-2023)**

"Power Devices" means any powered device used in the servicing, maintenance, or repair of property except devices driven by muscular power only and snow or ice removal devices; **(By-law 110-2023)**

"Public Nuisance" means actions occurring within the Municipality and which, by reason of the conduct of the person in attendance, results in one, or more, of the following activities:

- (a) soliciting, including and without limiting the generality of the foregoing,
  - (i) soliciting a person who is using, waiting to use, or departing from an automated teller machine;
  - (ii) soliciting a person who is using or waiting to use a pay telephone or a public toilet facility;
  - (iii) soliciting a person who is in or on a public transit vehicle;
  - (iv) soliciting a person who is waiting at a taxi stand or a public transit stop;
  - (v) soliciting a person who is in the process of getting in, out of, on or off a vehicle or who is in a parking lot;
  - (vi) while on a Highway, soliciting a person who is in a stopped, standing or parked vehicle.
- (b) loitering after having been requested by an Officer to move on;

- (c) screaming, spitting, yelling, shouting or using profane or abusive language or gestures;
- (d) participating in, or being a spectator in a fight;
- (e) carrying open liquor, except while on private property that is owned or occupied by the person who is carrying the liquor or an invited guest of the Owner;
- (f) the unlawful sale, furnishing, or distribution of alcoholic beverages or controlled substances;
- (g) remaining in or refusing to leave a Public Place after it is closed and/or when ordered to leave by an Officer;
- (h) throwing, placing or depositing any litter (except if such litter is placed in garbage cans or in recycle boxes);
- (i) defacing, damaging or vandalizing property, including by the use of graffiti;
- (j) obstructing an Officer in the course of his or her duties;
- (k) disorderly conduct;
- (l) obstructing pedestrian traffic or vehicular traffic, or parking such that the free flow of traffic is obstructed or that the ability to provide emergency services is interfered with;
- (m) unreasonable noise, including loud music;
- (n) unlawful open burning or setting off fireworks;
- (o) without Reasonable Excuse, outdoor public urination, defecation, spitting or vomiting;
- (p) use of or entry upon a roof not intended for such occupancy;
- (q) jumping, diving or leaping off or from any bridge located within the boundaries of the City;
- (r) dumping, except where permitted to do so by the City;
- (s) knocking over, or attempting to knock over, a Canada Post mailbox, Canada Post relay box, newspaper box or garbage or recycling container;
- (t) permitting, or causing to be emitted; an objectionable odour, except where permitted to do so by the City;
- (u) permitting, or causing to be emitted, an excessive amount of smoke, dust or airborne particulate matter, except where permitted to do so by the City;
- (v) any other activity or conduct that is disorderly or obnoxious;
- (w) distributing, displaying or discarding any handbill, notice, circular, advertisement, promotional item or sample;
- (x) being in possession of or use any Weapon as defined by Section 2 of the *Criminal Code of Canada*.
- (y) entering or loitering in any washroom or change-room or behaving in such a manner as to be objectionable to another person using, or in the vicinity of, said washroom or change-room;
- (z) permitting, or causing to be emitted into the open air, the exhaust of any Motor Vehicle except through a muffler or other device, which effectively prevents loud or explosive or unreasonable noises; **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (aa) permitting, or causing to be installed a modified muffler or exhaust with the express intention to create unreasonable noises; **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (bb) permitting, or causing to be emitted unnecessary Motor Vehicle Noise such as the sounding of the horn, or revving of engine, or the squealing of tires of any Motor Vehicle, which does not include back-up beepers or similar devices used by Vehicles for safety purposes; **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (cc) permitting, or causing the grating, grinding or rattling noise or sound caused by a condition of disrepair or maladjustment of any Motor Vehicle, or other vehicle whatsoever or part or accessory thereof; **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (dd) permitting, or causing to be emitted any sound made by Power Devices such as leaf blowers, chain saws, lawnmowers, grass trimmers, drills, sanders, grinders or similar devices out of doors within a Residential Area between the hours of nine o'clock in the evening (9:00 pm) and seven o'clock in the morning (7:00 am) the next day, except until nine o'clock in the morning (9:00 am) on Saturdays, Sundays and Statutory Holidays; **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (ee) operating or permitting the operation of heavy equipment, machinery or tools used in Construction, drilling or demolition, between the hours of

seven o'clock in the afternoon (7:00 pm) and seven o'clock in the forenoon (7:00 am) the next day, except until nine o'clock in the forenoon (9:00 am) on Saturdays, Sundays and Statutory Holidays; **(By-law 110-2023)**

- (ff) repairing, rebuilding, modifying or testing out of doors any Motor Vehicle, motorboat, outboard motor or recreational vehicle within a Residential Area between the hours of nine o'clock in the afternoon (9:00 pm) and seven o'clock in the forenoon (7:00 am) the next day, except until nine o'clock in the forenoon (9:00 am) on Saturdays, Sundays and Statutory Holidays; **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (gg) Refuse to provide for inspection a motor vehicle owned or operated by that person to any police officer duly authorized to enforce this by-law; **(By-law 125-2023)**
- (hh) Operate any motor vehicle on a highway if the motor vehicle is emitting a sound from the exhaust outlet exceeding 92 dBA as measured by means of a Sound Level Meter, while the engine is at idle. **(By-law 125-2023)**

"Public Place" means

- (a) a place outdoors to which the public is ordinarily invited or permitted access and, for greater certainty, shall include Highways, sidewalks, streets, any portion of a road allowance, parking lots, swimming pools, conservation area, parks, and playgrounds;
- (b) school grounds;
- (c) land, premises, or Buildings owned, managed, or maintained by the Municipality;
- (d) yards appurtenant to a Building or Dwelling or vacant lands, but does not include a Building or Dwelling; and
- (e) privately owned land which is visible from any public or private property.

"Reasonable Excuse" means

- (a) the contravention of this By-law must be inevitable, unavoidable and afford no reason or opportunity for an alternative course of action that does not contravene this By-law; or **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (b) where the contravention of this By-law is the consequence of illness, the person did not contemplate, or acting reasonably ought not to have contemplated, that the person's actions would likely cause the illness or give rise to the contravention of this By-law; or **(By-law 110-2023)**
- (c) being exempt from the provisions of this By-Law pursuant to the Noise By-Law 93-84, or any other City of Brampton By-Laws or policy or provincial legislation or regulations, as may be established and amended from time to time. **(By-law 110-2023)**

"Residential Area" means an area of the Municipality designated for residential use in City of Brampton Zoning By-Law, which includes land, Buildings and structures intended for human habitation and/or within 150 metres of a residential dwelling unit; **(By-law 110-2023)**

"Solicit" means to request, in person, the immediate provision of money or another thing of value, regardless of whether consideration is offered or provided in return, using spoken, written or printed word; a gesture or other means;

"Spit" means to eject phlegm, saliva, chewing tobacco juice, or any other substance from the mouth;

"Statutory Holidays" means New Year's Day, Family Day, Good Friday, Victoria Day, Canada Day, Labour Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day; **(By-law 110-2023)**

"Vomit" means to discharge the contents of the stomach by mouth.

## **PART II – PROHIBITIONS**

### **2 General (By-law 146-2024)**

- 2.1 No Person shall cause, create or permit a Public Nuisance.
- 2.2 No Person shall hold, sponsor, conduct, continue, host, create, attend, allow, cause or permit a Nuisance Party.

### **3 Motor Vehicles (By-law 146-2024)**

- 3.1 No person shall cause, create, or permit a Public Nuisance that is caused by the unnecessary, unauthorized or illegal operation of a Motor Vehicle.
- 3.2 No person shall organize, host, sponsor, continue, allow, cause or permit a Nuisance Party for the purpose of gathering, rallying or racing Motor Vehicles.
- 3.3 No person shall cause or permit or be a party to any act that causes damage or deposits to infrastructure or property of the City of Brampton or Region of Peel during a Nuisance Party related to Motor Vehicles.

## **PART III – ORDERS**

2. If an Officer is satisfied that a contravention of this By-law has occurred, the Officer may make an order requiring the Person who contravened this By-law or who caused or permitted the contravention or the Owner of the land on which the contravention occurred to discontinue the Public Nuisance or Nuisance Party.
3. An order under this Part shall identify:
  - (1) the location where the contravention occurred;
  - (2) the reasonable particulars of the contravention; and
  - (3) the date and time by which there must be compliance with the order.
4. An order under this section may be given verbally or in writing. An order in writing shall be served personally to the Person to whom it is directed, or served by Registered Mail to the Owner(s) using the specified address identified for tax billing by the City of Brampton. Service by Registered Mail is deemed to be on the fifth day after mailing.

## **PART IV – ENFORCEMENT AND INSPECTION**

7. The provisions of this By-law may be enforced by an Officer.
8. An Officer may enter on land at any reasonable time for the purpose of carrying out an inspection to determine whether any provision of this By-law is being complied with.
9. For the purposes of conducting an inspection pursuant to this By-law, an Officer may:
  - (1) require the production for inspection of documents or things relevant to the inspection;
  - (2) inspect and remove documents or things relevant to the inspection for the purpose of making copies or extracts;
  - (3) require information from any person concerning a matter related to the inspection; and

- (4) alone, or in conjunction with a person possessing special or expert knowledge, make examinations or take tests, samples or photographs necessary for the purposes of the inspection.

**(By-law 125-2023)**

- 9A. For the purposes of conducting a motor vehicle inspection to measure the sound from the exhaust system pursuant to this by-law, a Police Officer may alone or in conjunction with a person possessing special or expert knowledge conduct any reasonable tests including measuring sound loudness levels to determine the dBA levels of such motor vehicle.

**(By-law 125-2023)**

10. No Person shall prevent, hinder or obstruct, or attempt to hinder or obstruct, an Officer who is exercising a power or performing a duty under this By-law, including refusing to identify themselves when requested to do so by an Officer.

**(By-law 125-2023)**

- 10A. No person shall fail to comply with any Police Officer's instructions or refuse to provide for inspection a motor vehicle owned or operated by that person to any Police Officer duly authorized to enforce this by-law.

**(By-law 125-2023)**

**PART V – PENALTIES**

11. (1) Every Person who contravenes any provision of this By-law, including failing to comply with an order made under this By-law, is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine, and such other penalties, as provided for in the *Provincial Offences Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. P.33, as amended (the "*Provincial Offences Act*") and the *Municipal Act, 2001*.
- (2) A director or officer of a corporation who knowingly concurs in the contravention of this By-law by the corporation is guilty of an offence and is liable to a fine, and such other penalties, as provided for in the *Provincial Offences Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. P.33, as amended (the "*Provincial Offences Act*") and the *Municipal Act, 2001*.
- (3) Any Person who is charged with an offence under this By-law by the laying of an information under Part III of the *Provincial Offences Act* and is found guilty of the offence is liable, pursuant to the *Municipal Act, 2001*, to the following fines:
- (a) the minimum fine for an offence is \$500 and the maximum fine for an offence is \$100,000;
- (b) in the case of a continuing offence, for each day or part of a day that the offence continues, the minimum fine shall be \$500 and the maximum fine shall be \$10,000 and the total of all daily fines for the offence is not limited to \$100,000; and
- (c) in the case of a multiple offence, for each offence included in the multiple offence, the minimum fine shall be \$500 and the maximum fine shall be \$10,000 and the total of all fines for each included offence is not limited to \$100,000.
- (4) If a Person is convicted of an offence under this By-law, in addition to any other remedy or any penalty imposed, the court in which the conviction has been entered, and any court of competent jurisdiction, may make an order:
- (a) prohibiting the continuation or repetition of the offence by the Person convicted; and

- (b) requiring the Person convicted to correct the contravention in the manner and within the period that the court considers appropriate.
11. (5) Administrative Penalties (Non-Parking) By-law 218-2019, as amended, applies to this By-law. Every Person who contravenes a provision of this By-law designated in Schedule A of the Administrative Penalties (Non-Parking) By-law 218-2019, shall upon issuance of a Penalty Notice be and is liable to pay to the City of Brampton an administrative penalty in the amount set out in the Administrative Penalties (Non-Parking) By-law 218-2019. **(By-law 219-2019)**
  - (6) Nothing in this By-law limits the City's right or ability to enforce this By-law by any other and all legal means. **(By-law 219-2019)**
  12. (1) Where a Person fails to pay any part of a fine for a contravention of this By-law and the fine is due and payable under section 66 of the *Provincial Offences Act*, including any extension of time to pay the fine provided under that section, the City Treasurer, or the Treasurer's delegate may give the Person a written notice specifying the amount of the fine payable and the final date on which it is payable, which date shall not be less than 21 days after the date of the notice.
  - (2) If any part of a fine or a contravention of this By-law remains unpaid after the final date specified in the notice provided under this section, the outstanding fine is deemed to be unpaid taxes pursuant to section 351 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*.

#### **PART VI – TITLE, INTERPRETATION AND SEVERABILITY**

13. This By-law may be referred to as the "Public Nuisance By-law".
14. (1) Wherever a word is used in this By-law with its first letter capitalized, the term is being used as it is defined in Part I of this By-law. Where any word appears in ordinary case, the commonly applied English language meaning is intended.
- (2) Wherever a word defined in Part I of this By-law is used in the form of a noun, verb, adverb or adjective, it shall be interpreted as having a corresponding defined meaning even if it is in ordinary case.
- (3) All words importing the singular shall include the plural, and words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine, and the converse of the foregoing also applies, unless the context of the By-law requires otherwise.
15. If a court of competent jurisdiction declares any provision or part of a provision of this By-law to be invalid or to be of no force and effect, it is the intention of Council in enacting this By-law that the remainder of this By-law shall continue in force and be applied and enforced in accordance with its terms to the fullest extent possible according to law.

#### **PART VII – FORCE AND EFFECT**

16. This By-law shall come into force and effect on the date that it is passed.

ENACTED and PASSED this 27<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2018.

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BRAMPTON  
Original signed by:  
Linda Jeffrey – Mayor  
Peter Fay – City Clerk